Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/225,388	SMITH, DAVID W	
Examiner	Art Unit	
TOAN D. NGUYEN	2616	

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress		
THE REPLY FILED 01 August 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.					
 X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apper for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods: 	the same day as filing a Notice of A replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, v with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request		
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire te Examiner Note: 1 box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (1)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection	n.		
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(1					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) a set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL					
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	s of the date of appeal. Since		
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>					
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, to They raise new issues that would require further corrections. They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better 	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	ΓE below);			
appeal; and/or	to rominor appear by materially rot	adding or ouriping in	10 100000 101		
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.			
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).					
 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 					
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the		
 For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: 		l be entered and an e	xplanation of		
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:					
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:					
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE					
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 					
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fail	s to provide a		
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.		
The request for reconsideration has been considered but <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u>		condition for allowan	ce because:		
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).				
/FIRMIN BACKER/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2616					

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The applicant argues with respect to claim 1 on page 14, that Kim does not disclose detecting the size of the data for any type of decoding purpose. The examiner disagrees. Kim clearly teaches a bit pattern detector for detecting a bit pattern in a parallel bitstream input includes left and right matching units for detecting bit in the bitstream input that match the bit pattern, and the pattern detector outputs a detection signal, and a size signal corresponding to a size of the bitstream input (see Abstract, lines 8-17).

In response to applicant's argument on page 15, second paragraph that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 19502d2 1996 (Fed. Cit. 1998). But no recommendation of the production of the pattern detector in McKaughan et al. would be to outputs a size signal corresponding to a size of bitstream input for McKaughan et al.'s detects the incoming packet.

The applicant argues with respect to claims 1, 23, 32 and 34 on page 18, first paragraph that without using improper hindsight reasoning, those skilled in the art would not combine Kim and McKaughan in such a manner as claimed by the repent application. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be reported that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon inhindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skills at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See In re McLaughlin, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

The applicant argues on page 20, third paragraph, neither McKaughan, Kim, Warren, nor their combination disclose or make obvious detecting the size of the received set of data signals in the context of decoding the receiving signals, and waking up the host circuitry from a sleep mode, as call for by the claims of the present invention. The examiner disagrees. The examiner refers to the same response with respect to claim 1 above. Therefore, claims 3-6, 8, 10-18, 20-22, 25-28, 30, 33 and 35 are rejected.